











#### Training/Workshop on

Tsunami Evacuation Maps, Plans, and Procedures and the UNESCO-IOC Tsunami Ready Recognition Programme for the Indian Ocean Member States

Hyderabad - India, 15-23 April 2025

#### Tsunami Evacuation Maps, Plans, and Procedures TEMPP 09: Principles in Finalizing Tsunami Evacuation Maps

**TEMPP 2025** 

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## **Evacuation Maps**

- are key elements to prepare for tsunamis
- provide all information the public must know to properly evacuate
- reflect the evacuation zone and strategy as well as the procedures which have been defined
- need to be validated for their practical applicability and easy understandability by the local communities. This includes field visits to verify evacuation routes and procedures
- to be made available via appropriate print and/or digital media
- are of vital importance and hence should be officially approved















### **Tsunami Evacuation Map**

- Printed maps,
- Digital maps,
- Interactive and web-based maps

Present routes, save areas, evacuation place, critical facilities, assembly areas.

Provide information to public for their action in emergency situation

Facilitate emergency management planning and emergency response









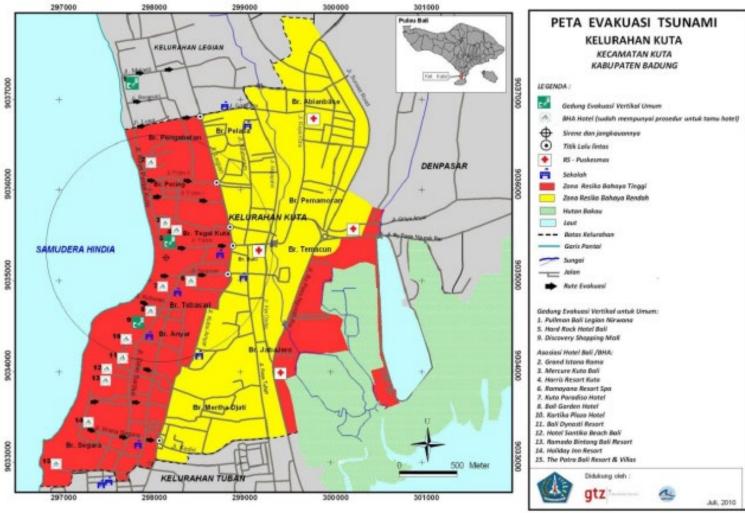






## **Tsunami Evacuation Map**

#### **Example: Evacuation Map for Kuta Village – Bali (Scale 1:5,000)**







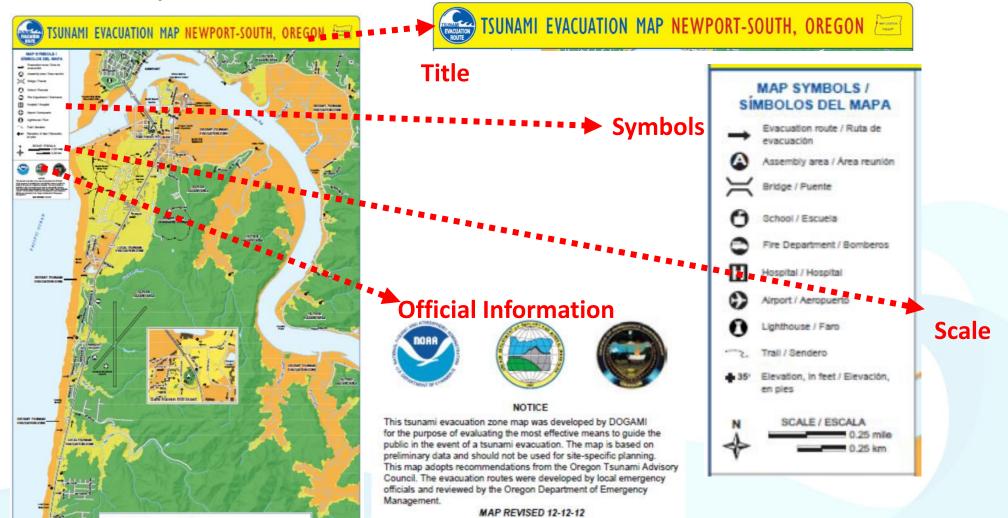








**Tsunami inundation map should have:** 













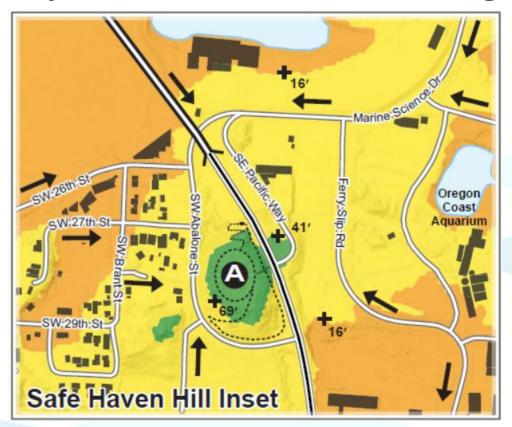




**Tsunami inundation map could include:** 



#### Specific area need to in highlighted







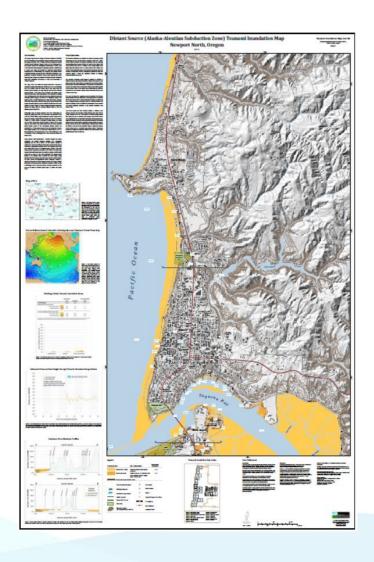












- Refers to technical documentation on how the map was made and its intended use.
- Use detailed tsunami inundation assessment (i.e., inundation map), if available, the evacuation zone should encompass all areas the assessment indicates will be inundated.
- Communities should consult with the producers of inundation maps when developing evacuation plans so that the intended accuracy and limitations of the tsunami inundation maps are considered.







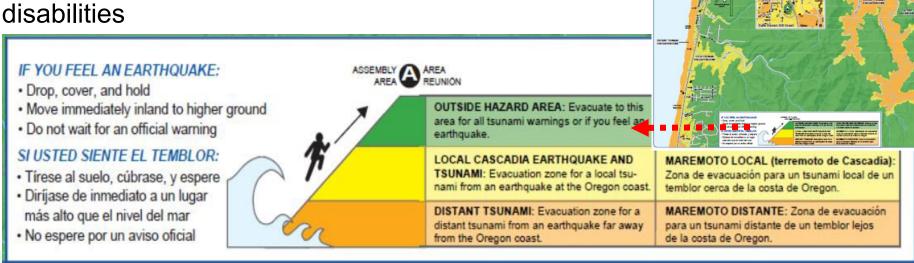








- Indicate zones that should be evacuated in the event of a tsunami.
- Multiple evacuation zones can be used, depending on local hazard (for instance, local and distant source tsunamis)
- Include brief instructions on what to do in event of a tsunami
- Available for all users, bilingual text where possible (local, national and English language), and for people with color vision disabilities











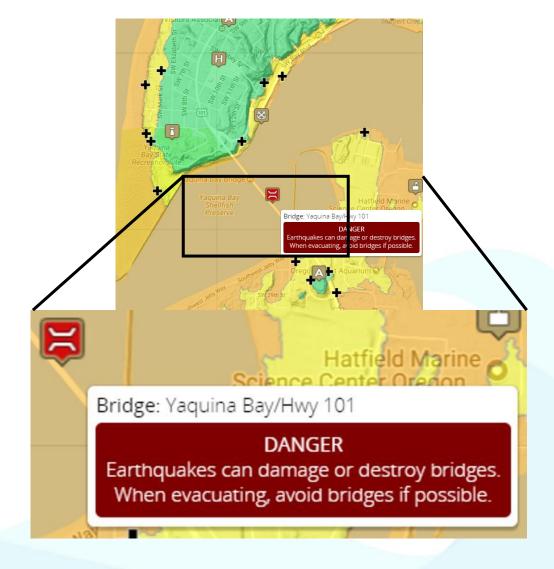
SUNAMI EVACUATION MAP NEWPORT-SOUTH, OREGON 🔚







- Identify features that may impede evacuation during or after an event such as terrain obstacles, areas of unstable land, or other earthquakerelated ground or structure failures.
- These areas should be identified by professional geologists with the purpose to inform the public of unstable areas.









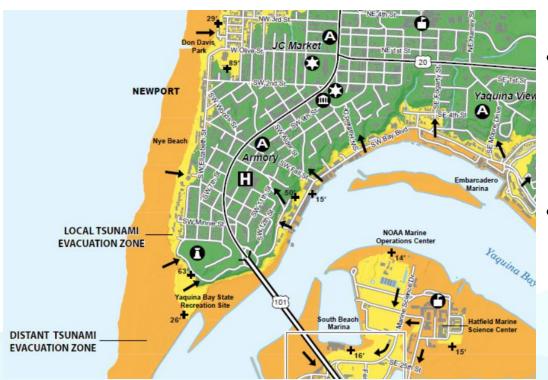








- Include streets, bridges, escape direction arrows, assembly areas, and well-known landmarks to help people identify the avenues of egress and safe locations
- Indicate designated evacuation routes with bolded streets and directional arrows leading away from the coast.



- Wherever possible, identify all appropriate modes of evacuation (e.g., via foot, vehicle, vertical, and marine evacuation).
- Indicate the evacuation zone using the color yellow (ensure contrasting colors are used for the surrounding landscape).















#### Standardized mapping symbols for evacuation mapping















- Symbols should be black. If they are against a dark background, a line of white should separate the symbol from the background image.
- Symbols should be easily perceived in terms of size and scalable according to the size of the final map product.
- Symbols should have precise meaning without a need for explanation on the map other than in the legend.









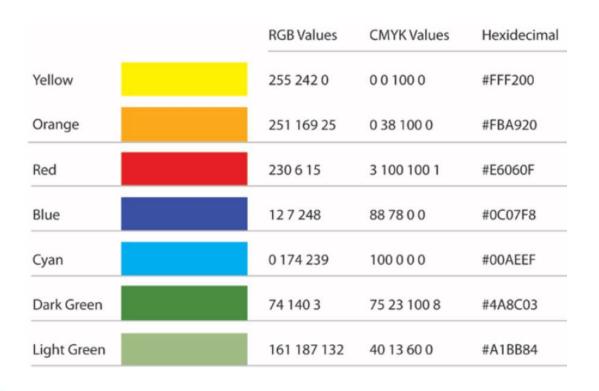








#### Standardized colors for evacuation mapping



- Every effort should be made to ensure that the map is readable by the color blind.
- In the event that a color palate other than that suggested is chosen (avoid putting the color red next to the dark green color).
- Ensure the map is reproducible in black and white.















## **Map Re-Evaluation**

#### Tsunami evacuation maps should be re-evaluated when:

- A tsunami occurs that has implications to the evacuation route and area.
- Every ~ 5 years or when there are significant developments in the area or significant development in modeling technology occurs that changes the tsunami hazard and inundation map.
- New procedures, new system, new technology, new development in tsunami mitigation plan and tsunami early warning system
- A new credible and potentially significant information is available, i.e. updated inundation map, more details maps (in term of scale) etc.













# Thank you



IOC/UNESCO Indian Ocean Tsunami Information Centre
IOTIC-BMKG Programme Office

Disaster Risk Reduction and Tsunami Information Unit
UNESCO Jakarta Office

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